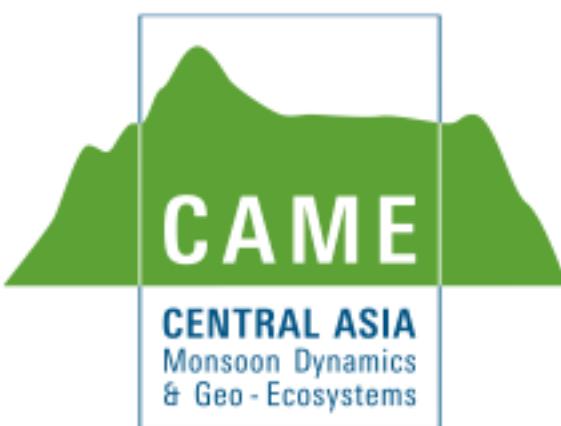




# A decadal-scale record of Indian Ocean winter monsoon intensity over the last two millennia

Philipp Munz, University of Tübingen / Germany

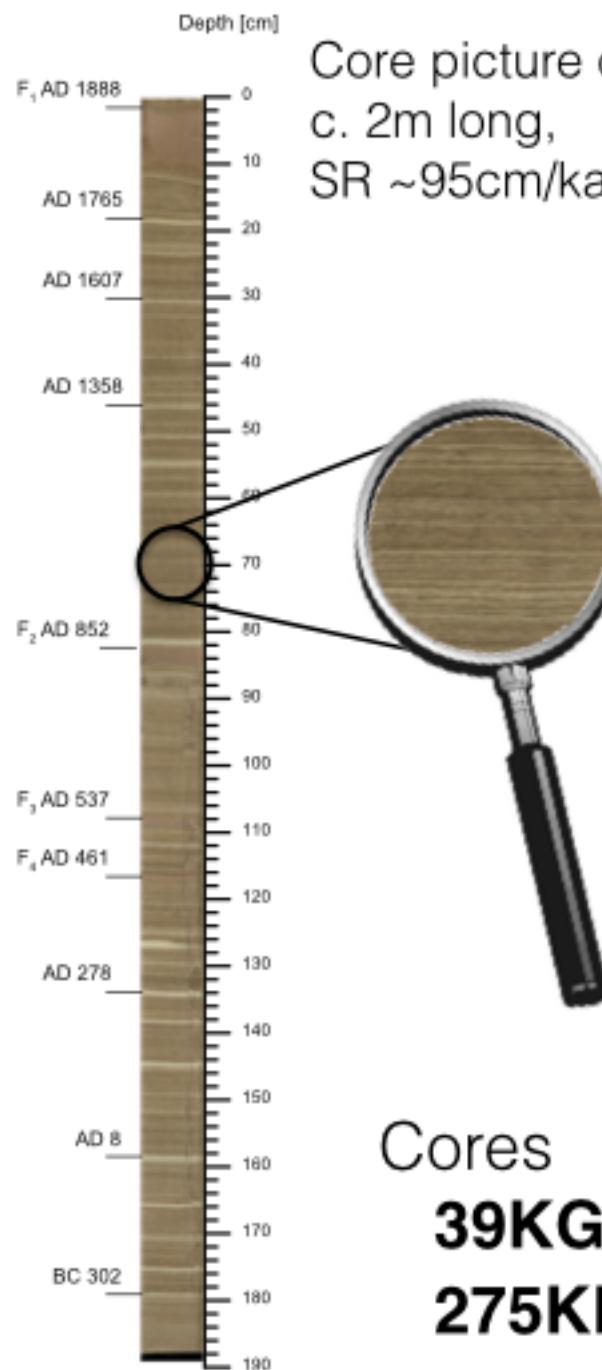


**marum**

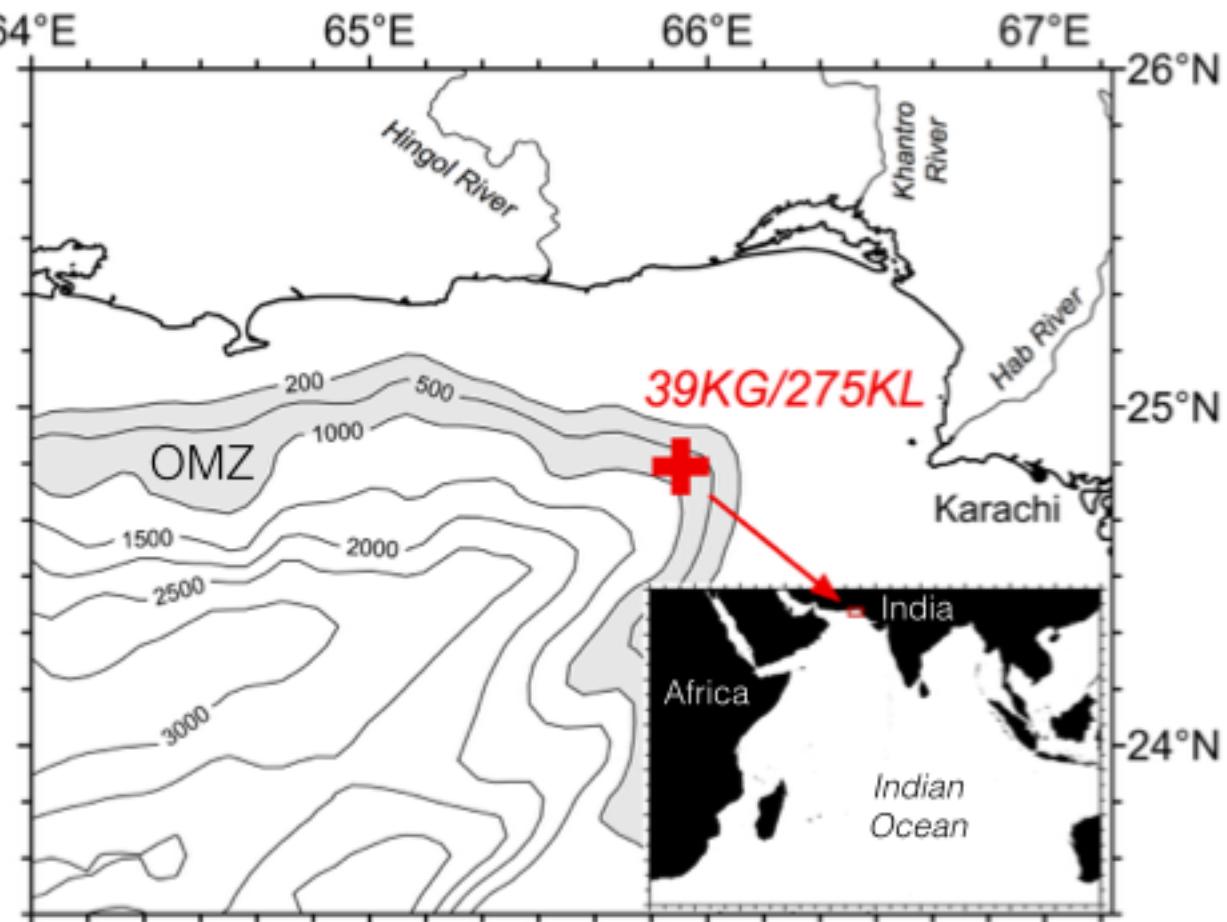
**BGR**



Max-Planck-Institut  
für Meteorologie



Core picture of laminated core 275KL,  
c. 2m long,  
SR ~95cm/ka



Cores

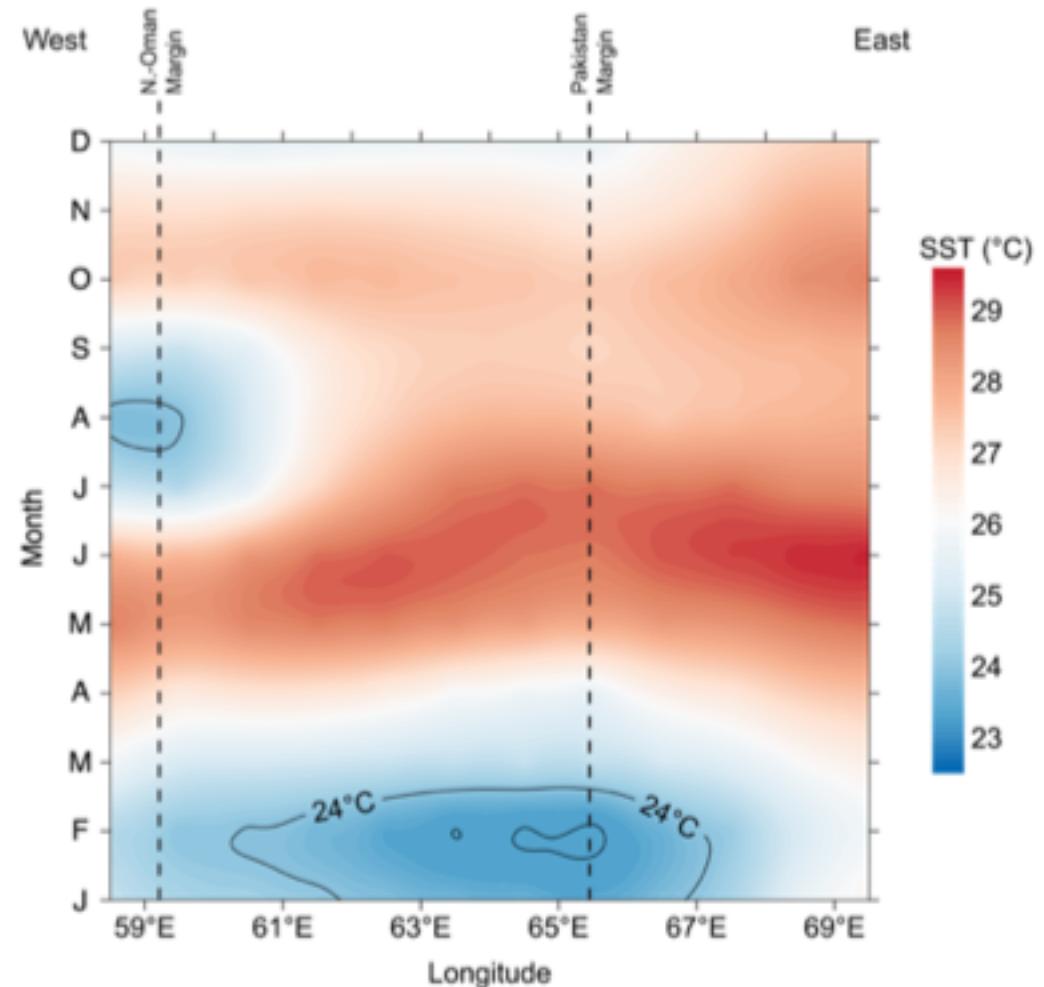
**39KG** (1993 CE – 1762 CE) with  $\varnothing$  2.3 years resolution

**275KL** (1893 CE – 100 BCE) with  $\varnothing$  9 years resolution



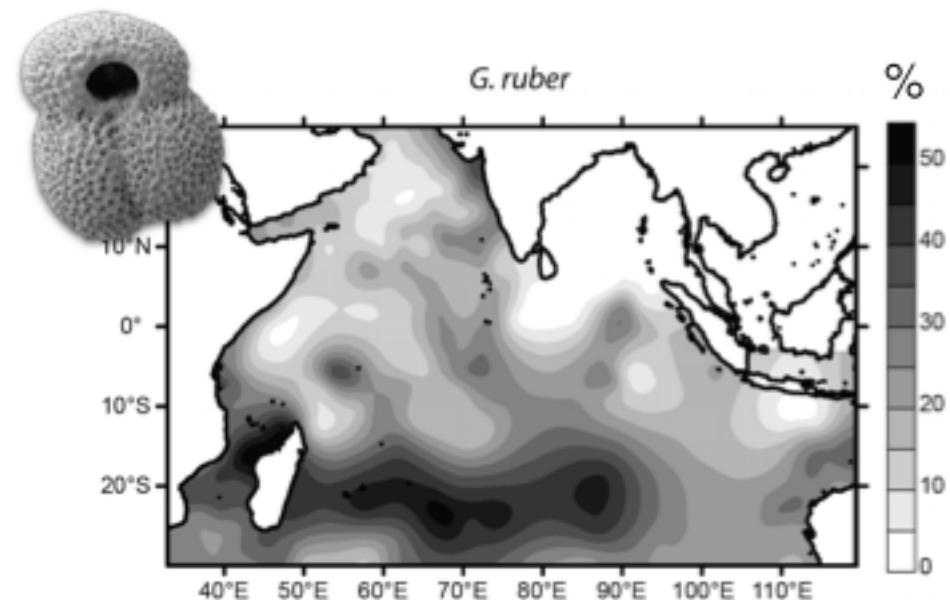
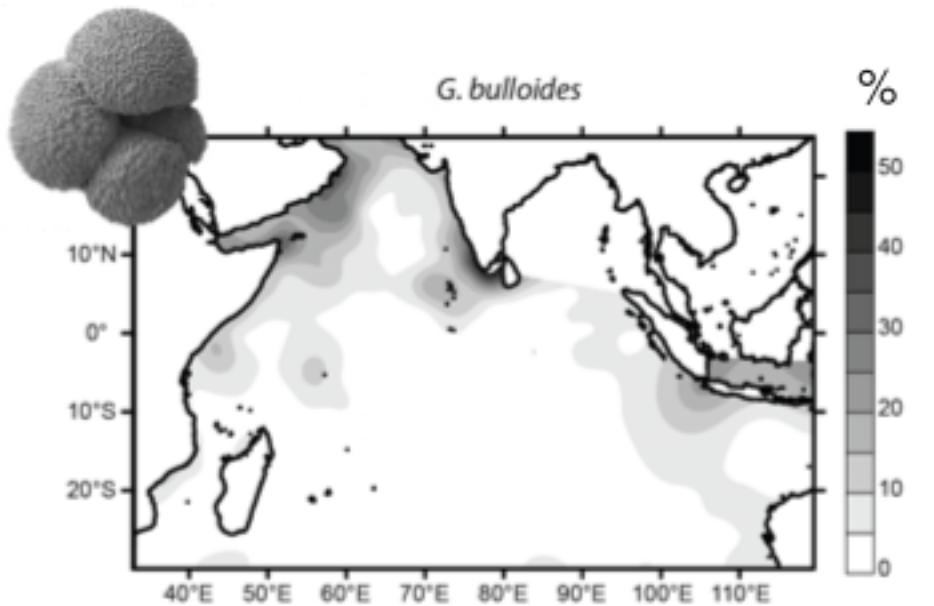
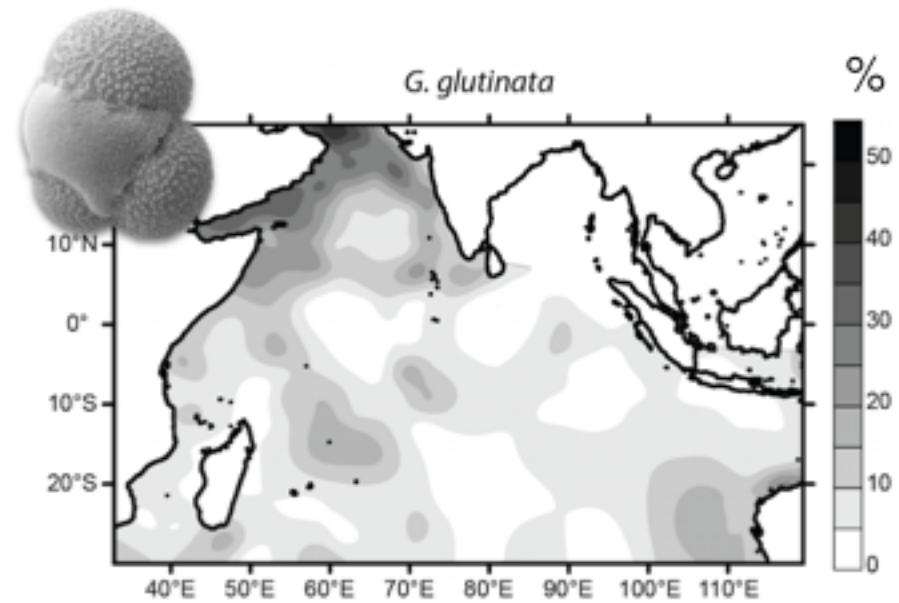
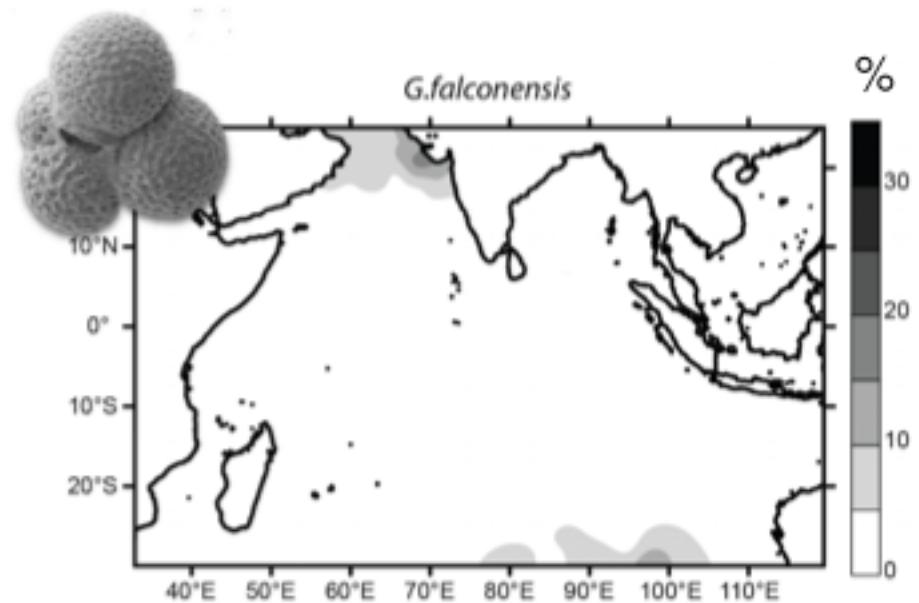
## Arabian Sea transect

- Regional differences in temperature patterns caused by **seasonally** alternating wind directions
- **Oman** margin recording **summer**
- **Pakistan** margin recording **winter**



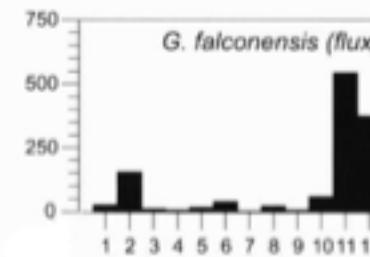


Can we see a response of planktic foraminifera to seasonal environmental changes?

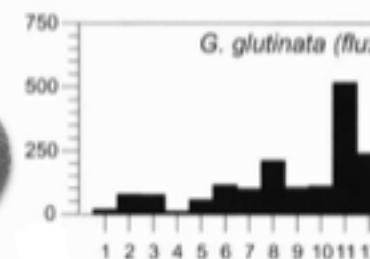




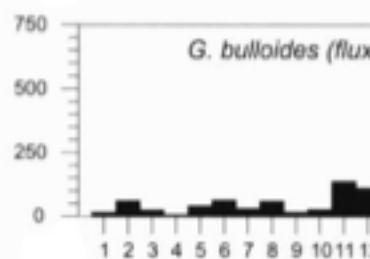
winter



*G. falconensis* (%)

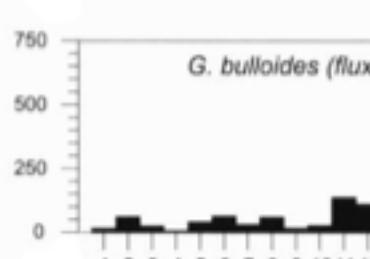
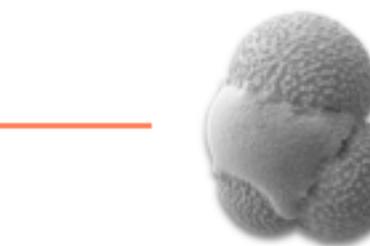


*G. glutinata* (%)



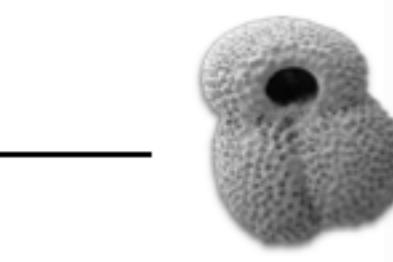
*G. bulloides* (%)

summer



*G. ruber* (%)

inter-monsoon, but  
more or less  
annual



month M J J A S O N D J F  
spring summer autumn winter

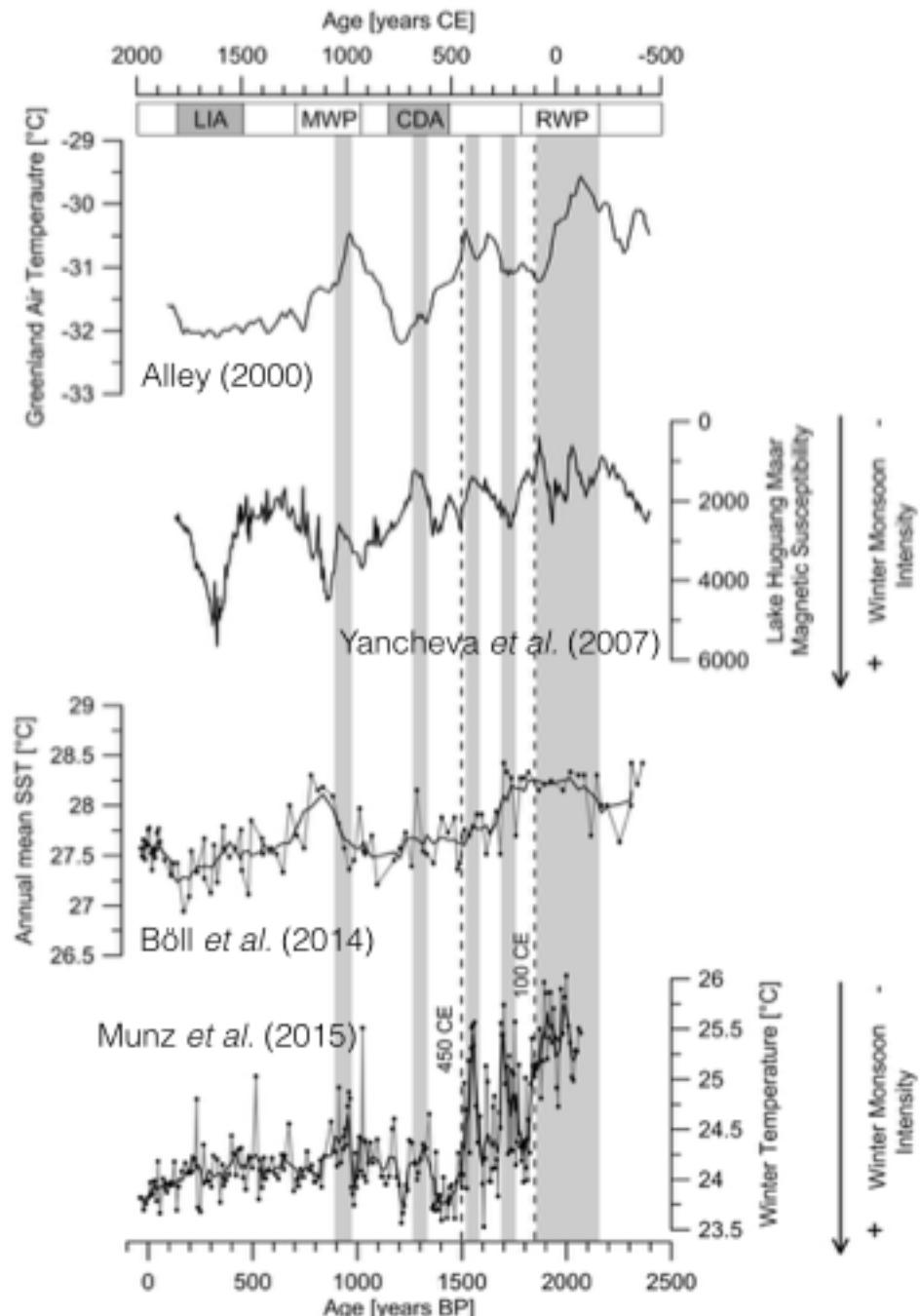
EPT-2 sediment trap in the  
proximity of the core site

from Schulz et al. (2002)



Reconstruction results over the last 2ka:

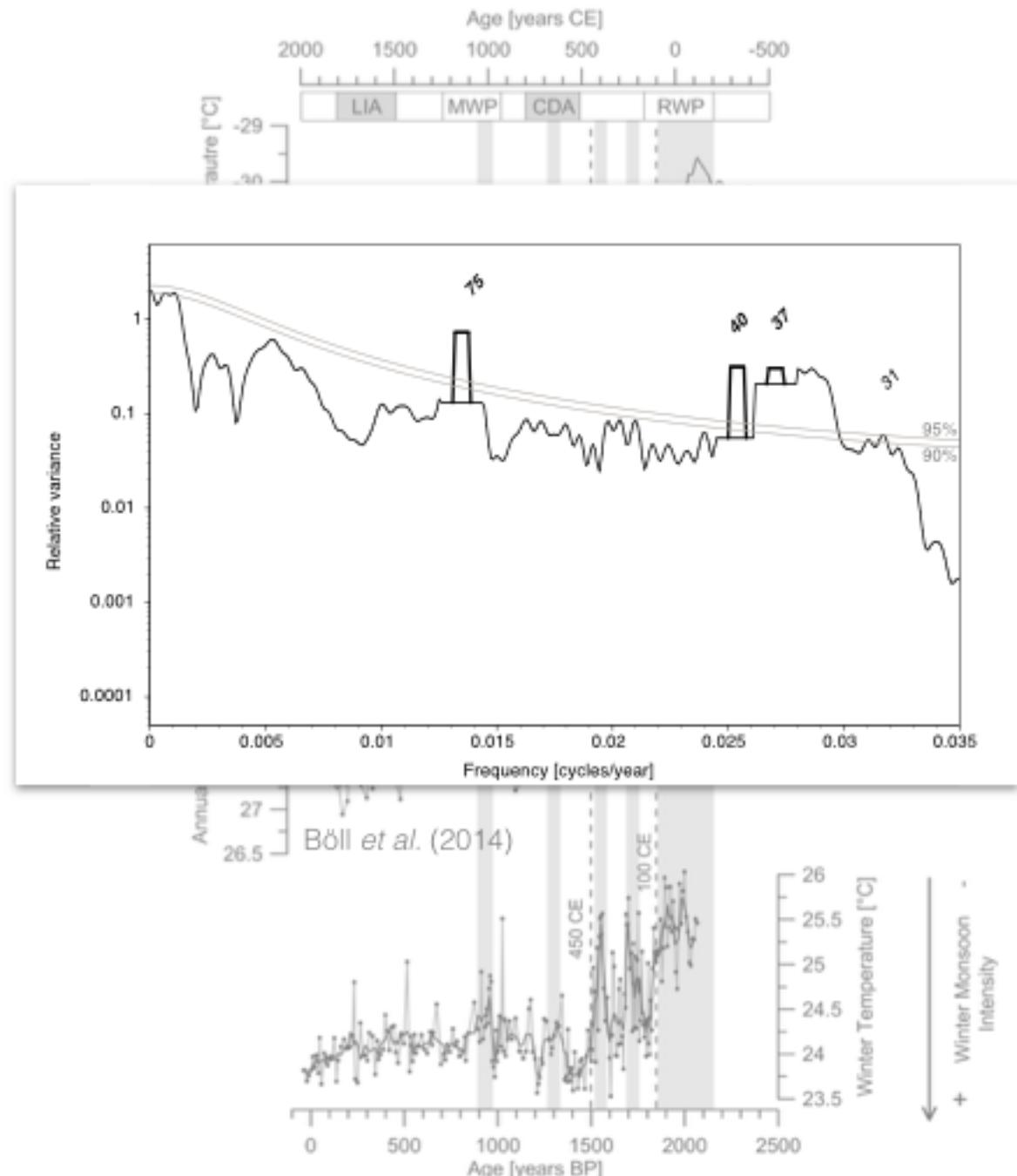
- **Major changes** at 100 and 450 CE from weak to strong winter monsoon
- Changing monsoon conditions **~1.5 ka BP** also evident from other records
- Weaker winter monsoon during the **Medieval Warm Period**





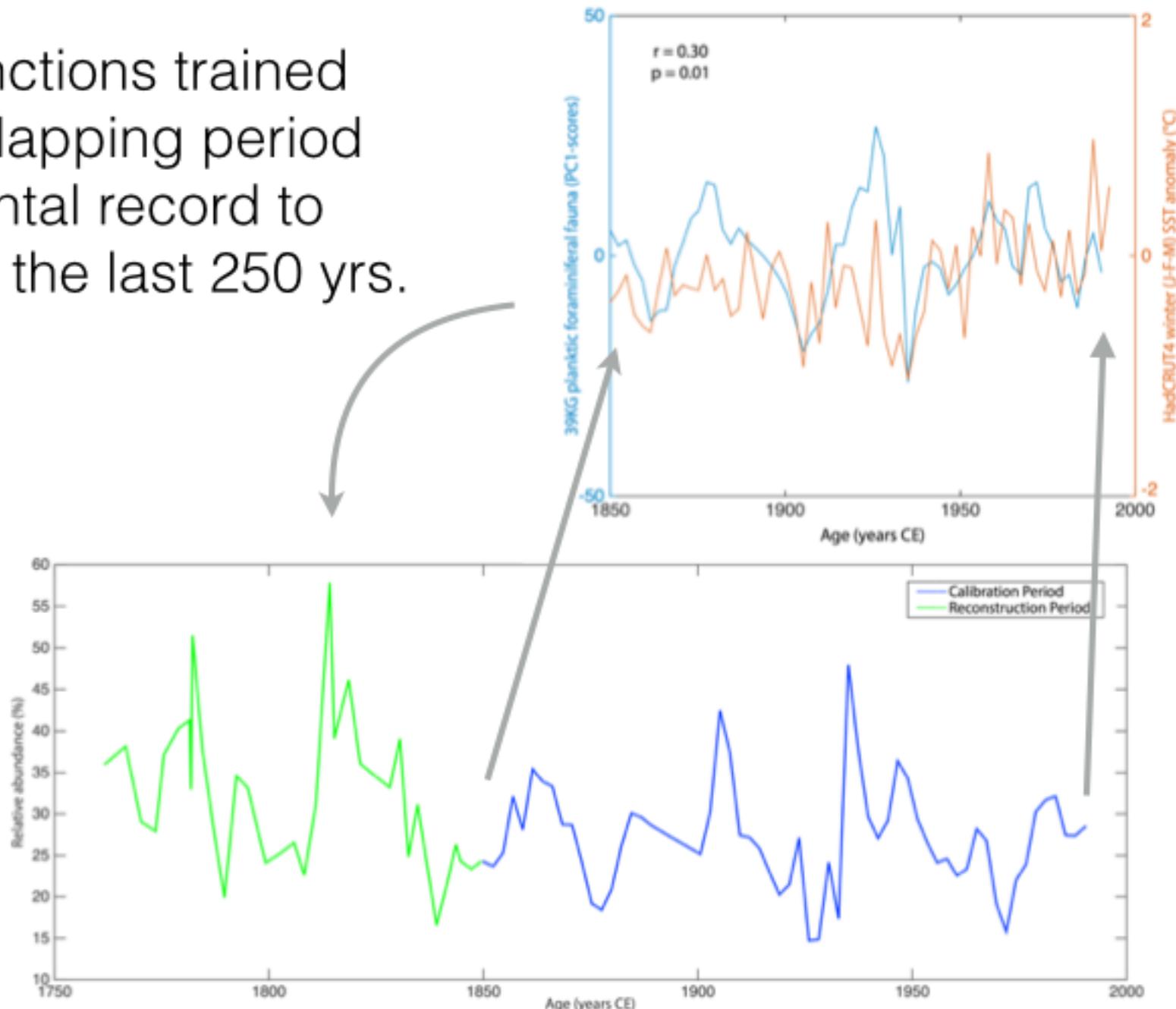
Reconstruction results over the last 2ka:

- 75 year periodicity closely matching major **sunspot cycle**
- 40, 37 and 31-year cycles less clear but could also be of **Pacific origin**





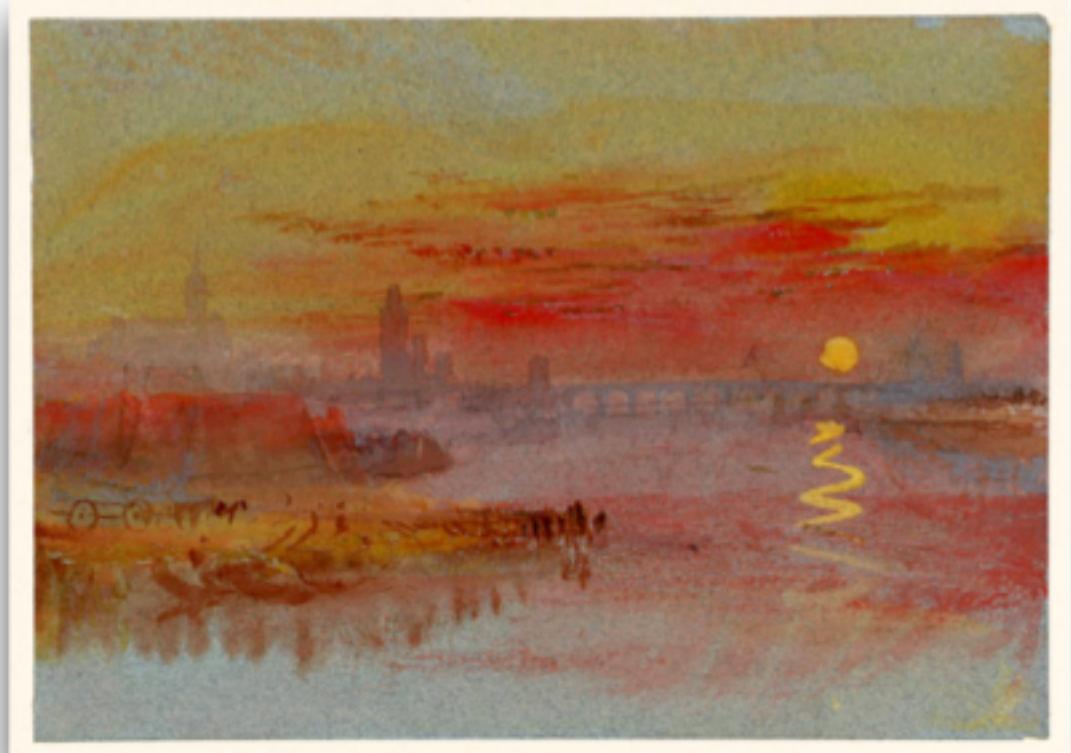
Transfer functions trained  
on the overlapping period  
of instrumental record to  
reconstruct the last 250 yrs.





1816/17:

- Europe: “The year without a summer”
- Snowfall in June
- Poor harvests and famine
- Delayed monsoon season in Asia



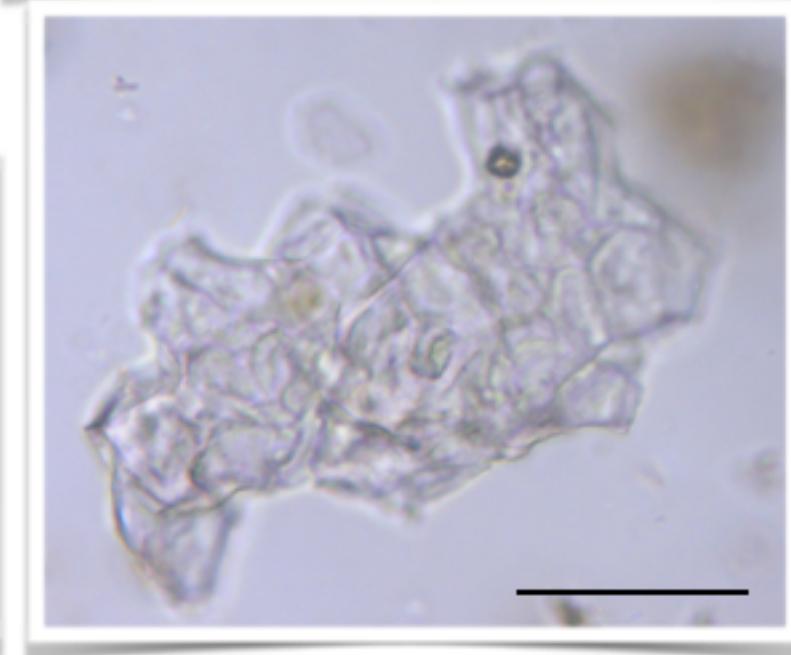
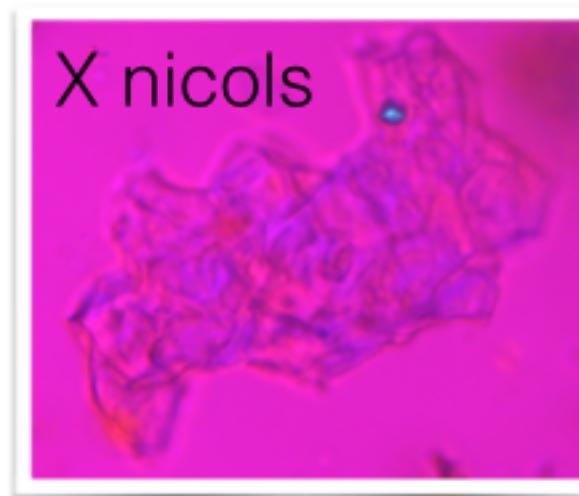
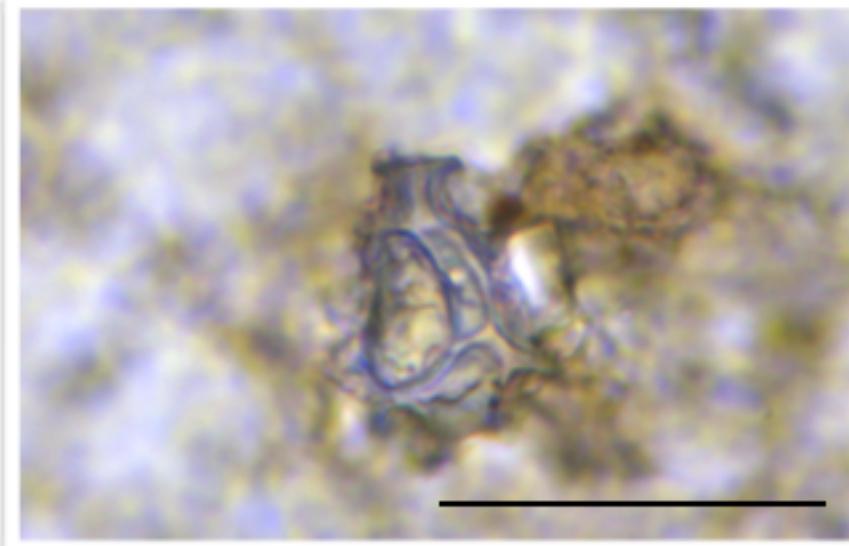
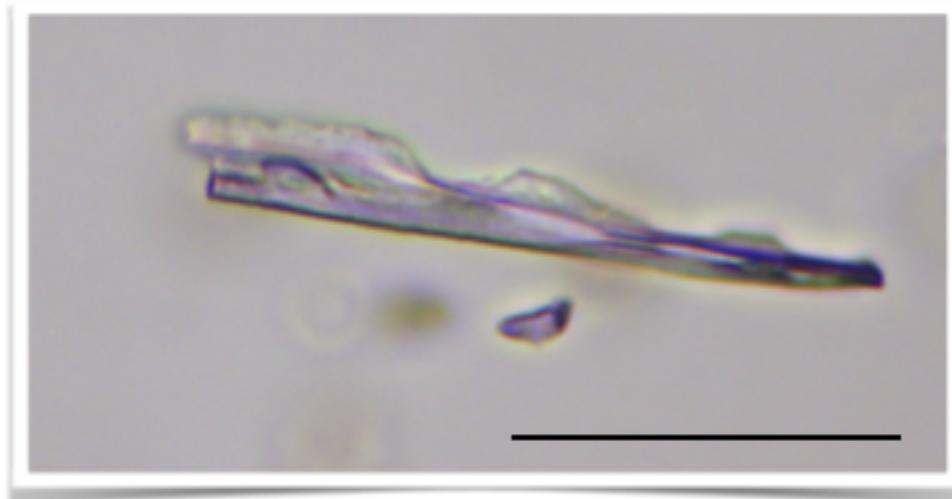
JWM Turner “The Scarlet Sunset”  
c. 1830

tate.org.uk

→ evidence for strong winter monsoon during the  
**“Great Tambora Eruption” 1815**



~1815: isotropic vesicular and shard-shaped objects  
→ test for volcanic origin





## What did we learn about the monsoon system that we did not know before?

- Winter monsoon record over the last 2ka suggests teleconnections with warm Northern Hemisphere climate phases, i.e. Roman Warm and Medieval Warm.
- Conditions similar to today prevailed since c. 450 CE.
- Periodicities of winter monsoon intensity suggests solar forcing
- Multidecadal- and inter-decadal variability could be of Pacific origin



# Thank you for your attention!

Hartmut Schulz, Tübingen

Michal Kucera and Michael Siccha, Bremen

Andreas Lückge, Hannover

Birgit Gaye and Anna Böll, Hamburg

Tim Rixen and Sven Forke, Bremen