Asia 2k in a broader context: A comparison between regional and global surface temperature reconstructions

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Bala Rajaratnam (Stanford)
PAGES regional working groups





Asia 2k 4th workshop, Mar 19, 2015

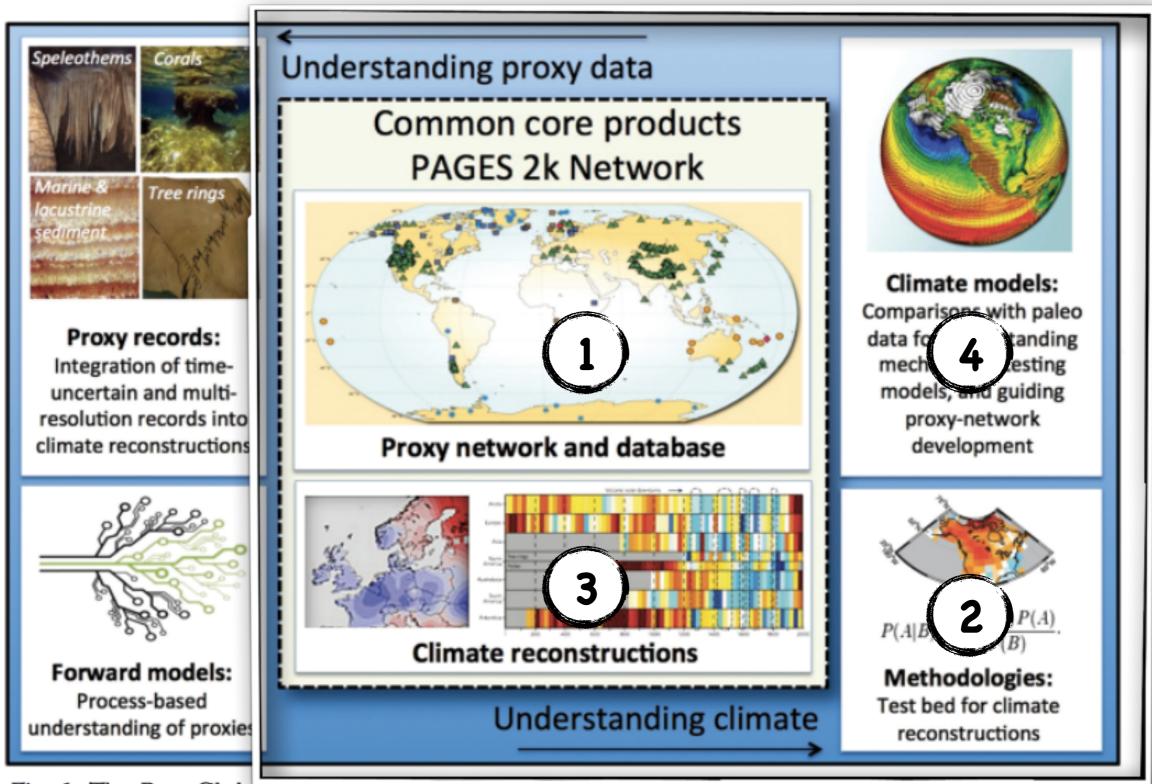


Fig. 1. The Past Global Changes (PAGES) ZR community has aeveloped recommendations aimed at facilitating a global synthesis of proxy climate information. (middle) Near-term goals aim to generate a uniform suite of core products. In tandem, efforts are under way to improve understanding of (left) proxy records, including new process-based approaches, and understanding of (right) climate variability and change, including new climate reconstruction methods and comparisons with climate simulations.

OUTLINE

* Global CFR w/ PAGES 2k phase 2:

★ Is there a need for regional CFRs?

* Asia 2k CFR

★ How does it compare with regional features from the global CFR?

* Data-model Comparison

★ How does the reconstruction compare to GCM simulations?

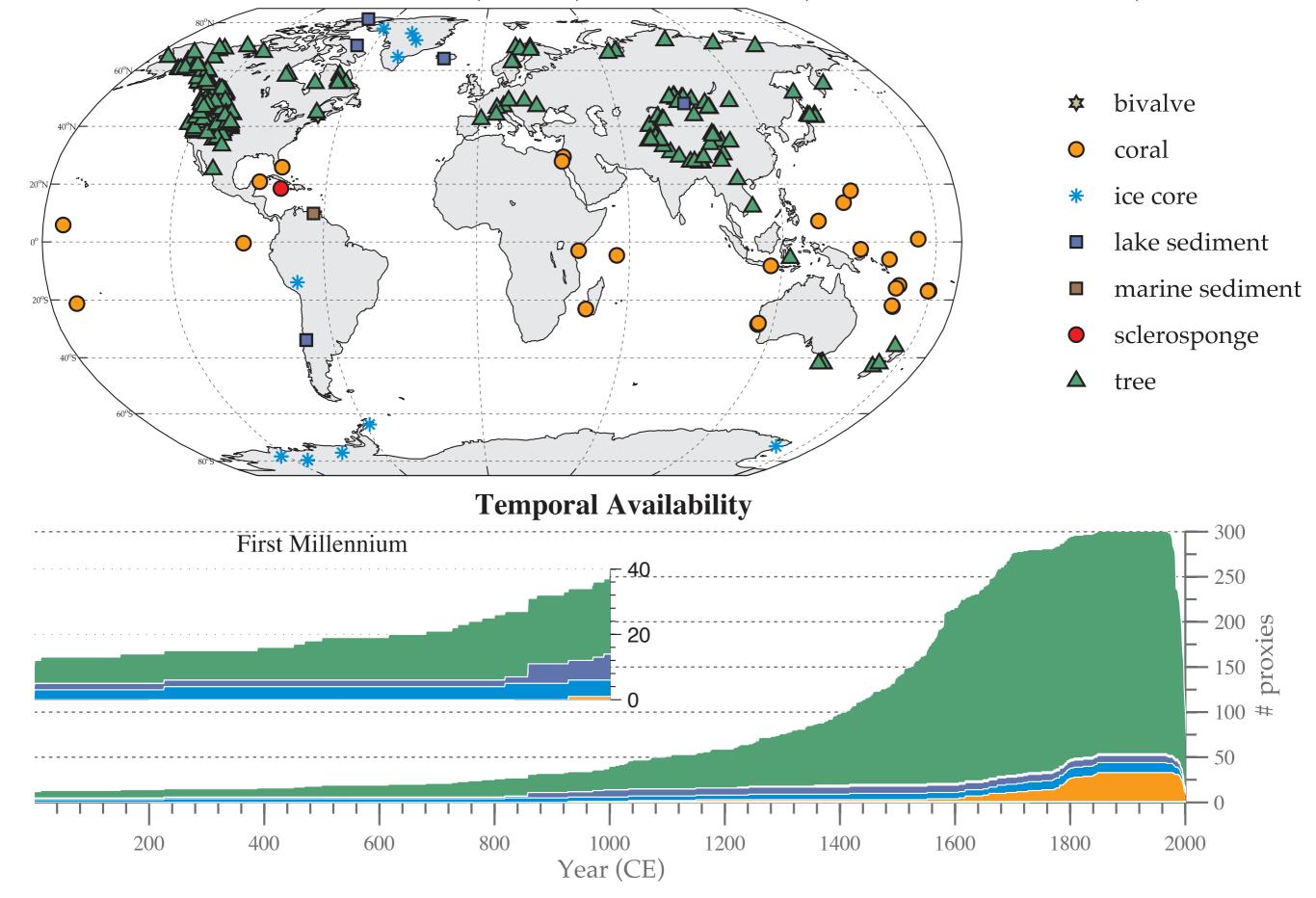
Discussion

Part 1: PAGES 2k global CFR

DATA & METHOD

- * Target: HadCRUT4 (Morice et al., JGR, 2012) JJA
 - ★ With satellite temperature measurements
 - ★ > 30% available 1850 now (1758/2592 grid cells)
- * Proxy: PAGES 2k synthesis (PAGES 2k consortium, Nature Geo., 2013; Eos-transactions AGU, 2014)
 - ★ Community-driven effort (9 regional working groups)
 - ★ Multi-resolution proxy records (925 as of Feb 10, 2015)
 - ★ Correlation-based screening: control for signal "color" (Ebisuzaki et al., JClim. 1997) and multiple hypothesis testing (Ventura, JClim. 2004)
 - ★ Only used high resolution proxies in this CFR

PAGES 2K network (Phase 2) as of 2015/02/10 (301 records from 301 sites)

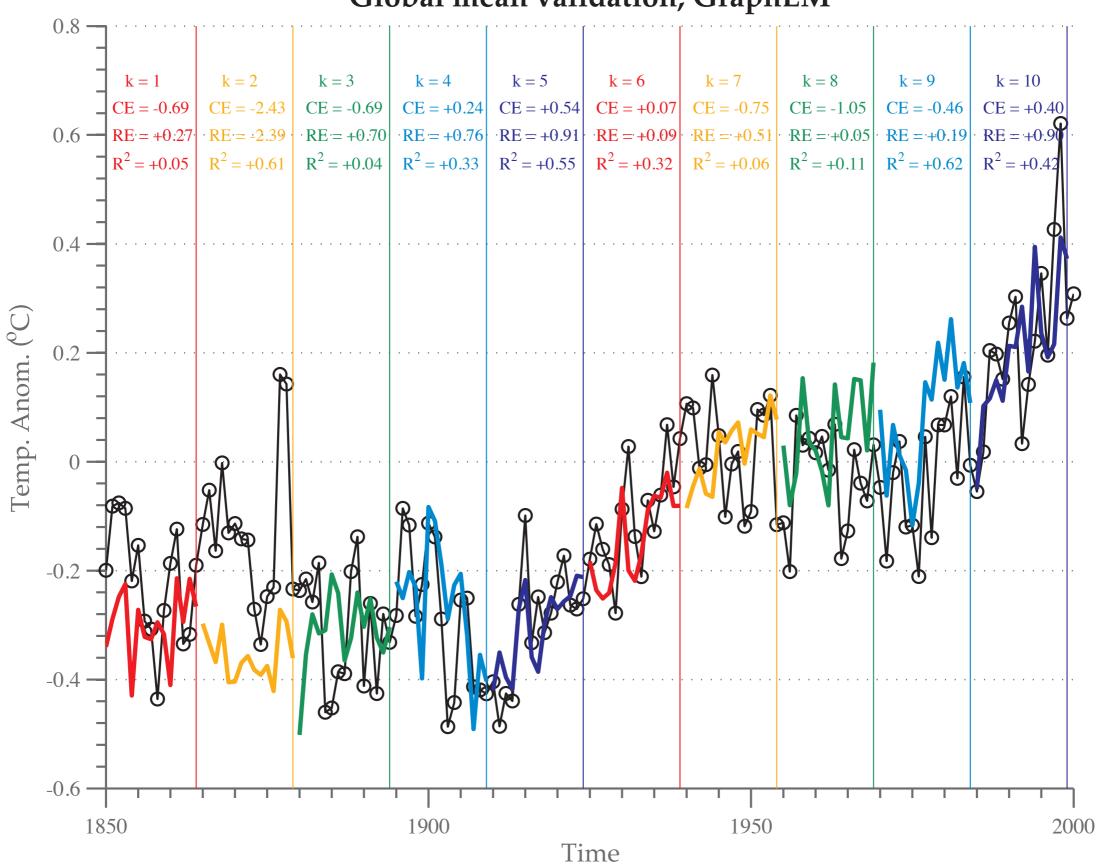


DATA & METHOD

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 - ★ Multi-resolution proxy records (888 as of Dec 11, 2014)
 - ★ Correlation-based screening: account for signal "color" (Ebisuzaki et al., *JClim*. 1997) and multiple hypothesis tests (Ventura, *JClim*. 2004)
- * Method: GraphEM (Guillot et al., AoAS, in press)
 - * exploits conditional independence structure in field/proxies

HOW SKILLFUL IS THE CFR?

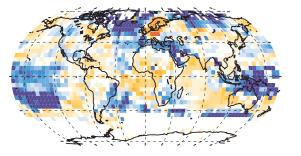
Global mean validation, GraphEM



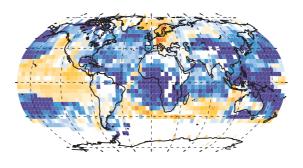
HOW SKILLFUL IS THE CFR?

10-fold Cross-validation RE scores

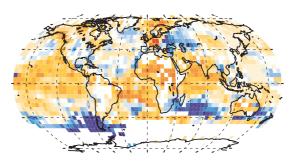
1850-1864 validation



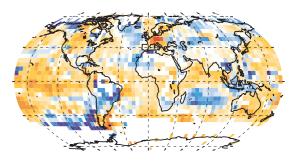
1865-1879 validation



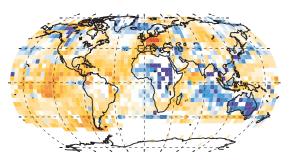
1880-1894 validation



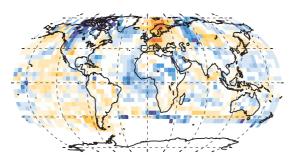
1895-1909 validation



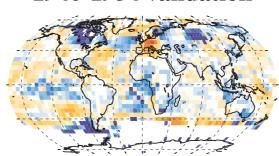
1910-1924 validation



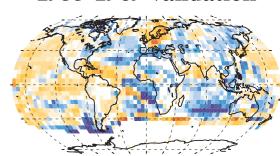
1925-1939 validation



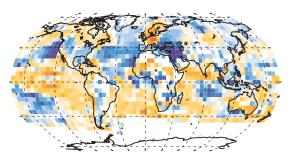
1940-1954 validation



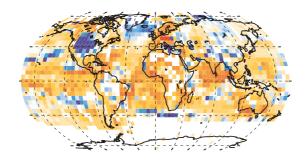
1955-1969 validation



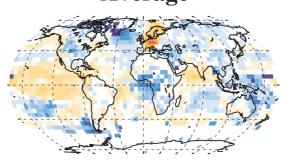
1970-1984 validation

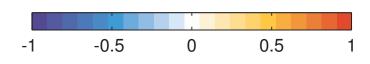


1985-1999 validation



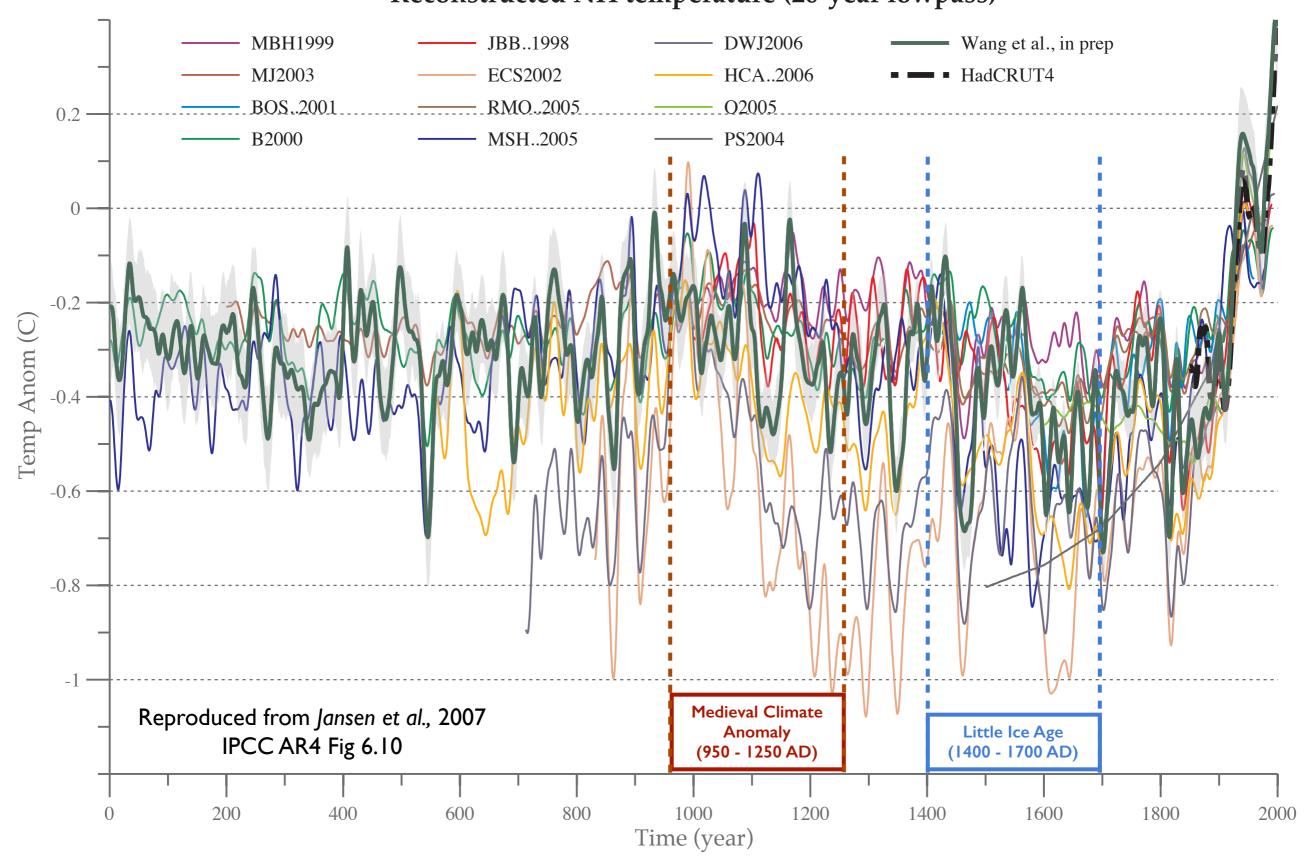
Average



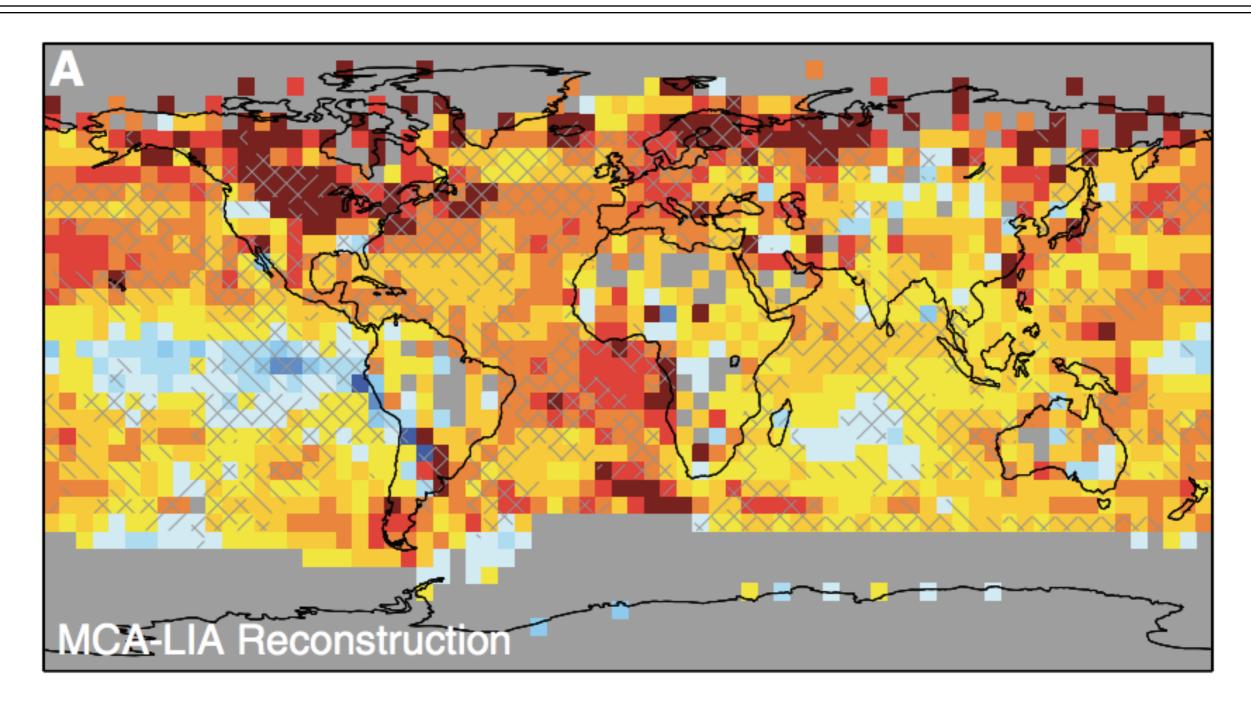


NH MEAN

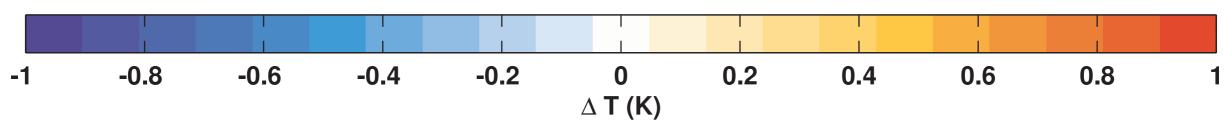
Reconstructed NH temperature (20-year lowpass)



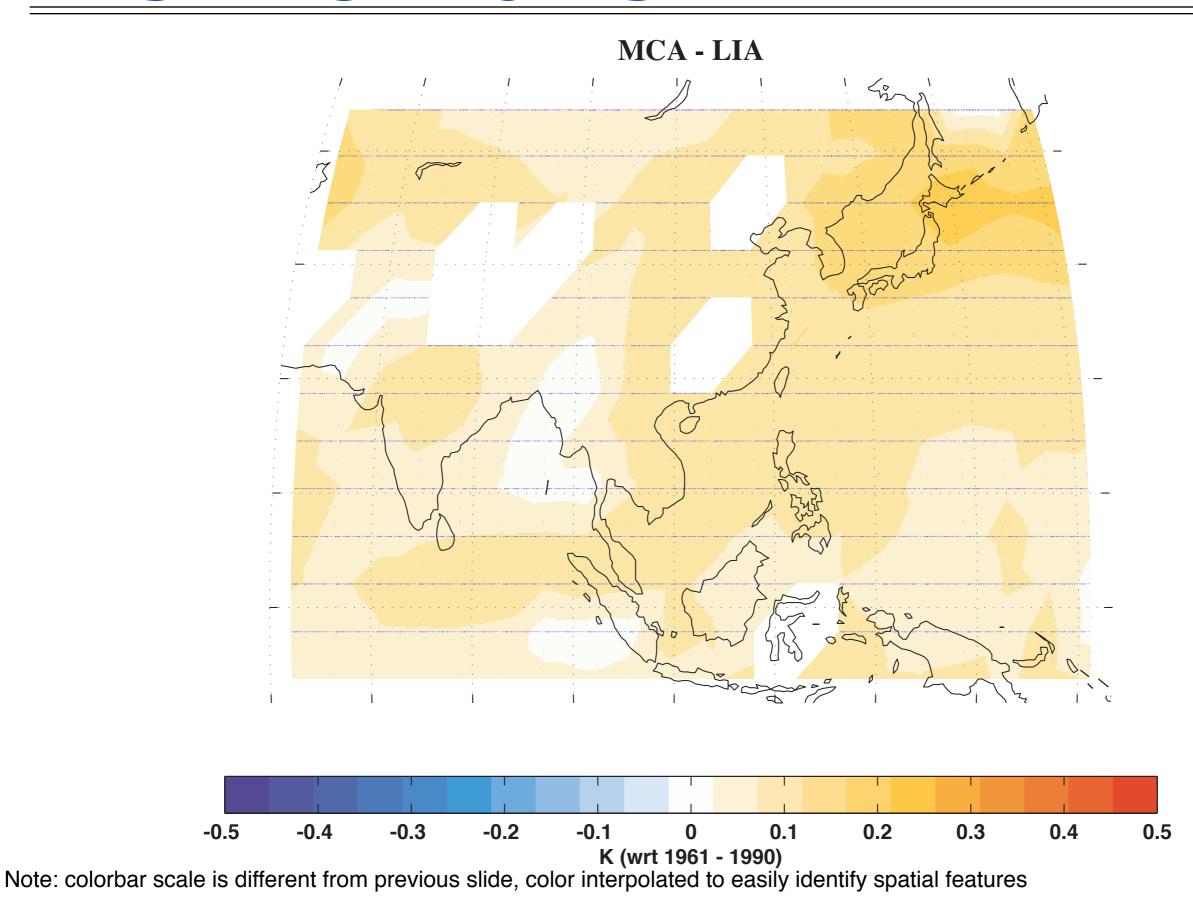
SPATIAL FEATURES



Mann et al., Science 2009, Fig. 3



RESTRICT TO ASIA



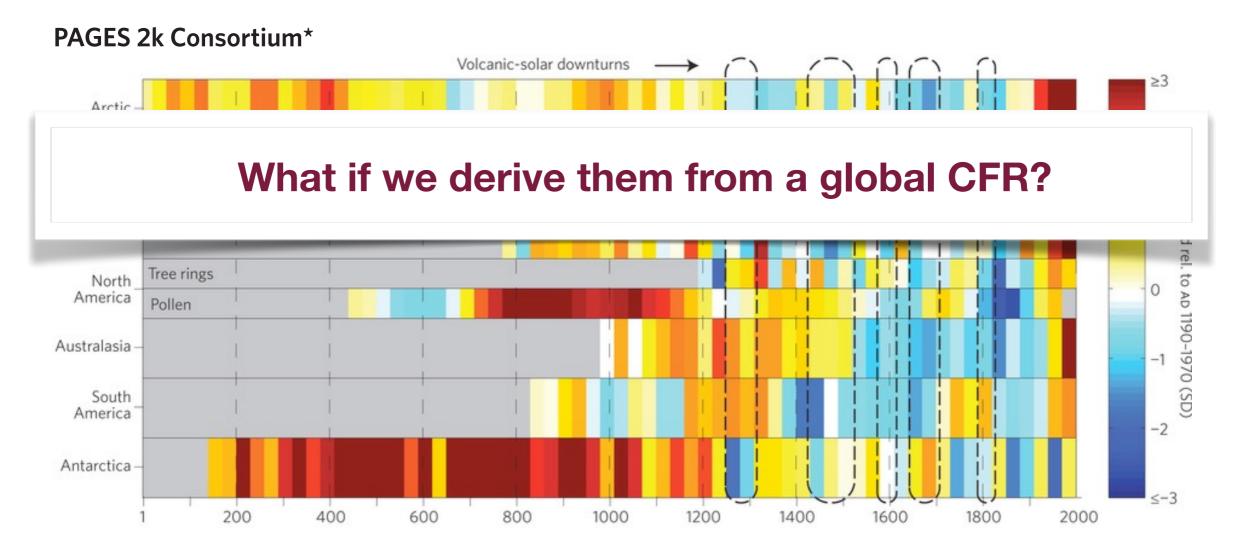
REGIONAL INDICES



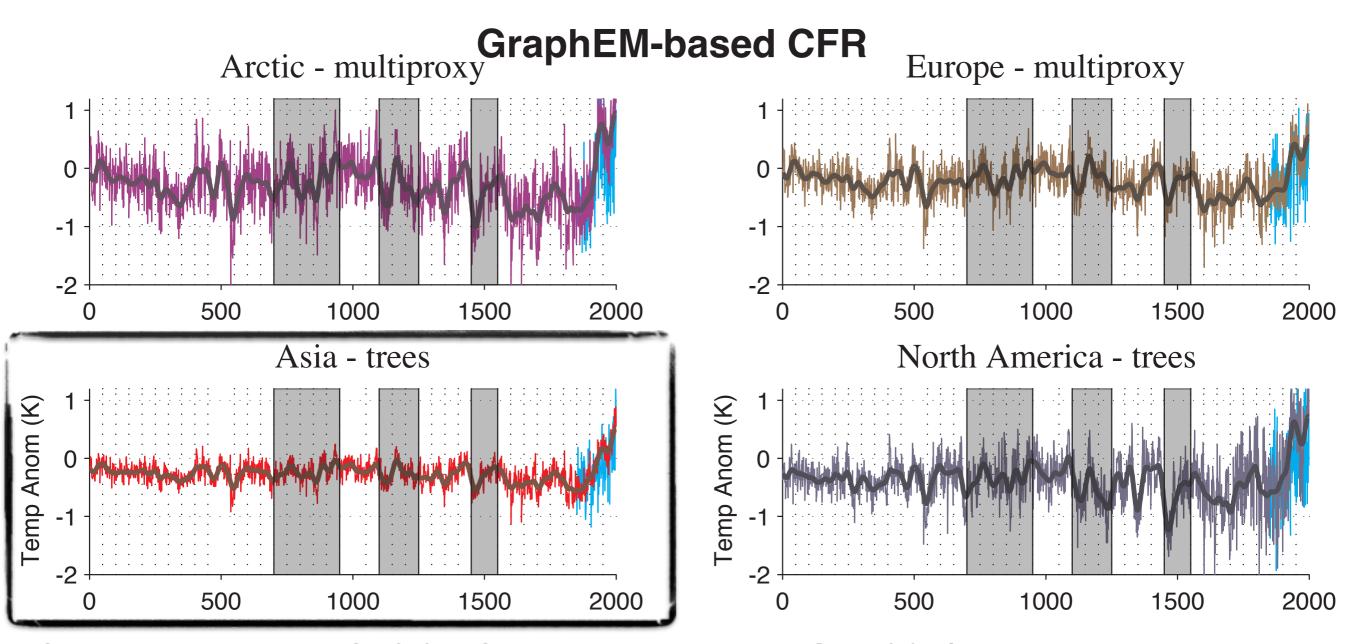
PROGRESS ARTICLE

PUBLISHED ONLINE: 21 APRIL 2013 | DOI: 10.1038/NGEO1797

Continental-scale temperature variability during the past two millennia



REGIONAL INDICES



Compared with PAGES 2k Consortium, Nature Geo., 2013, Asia shows:

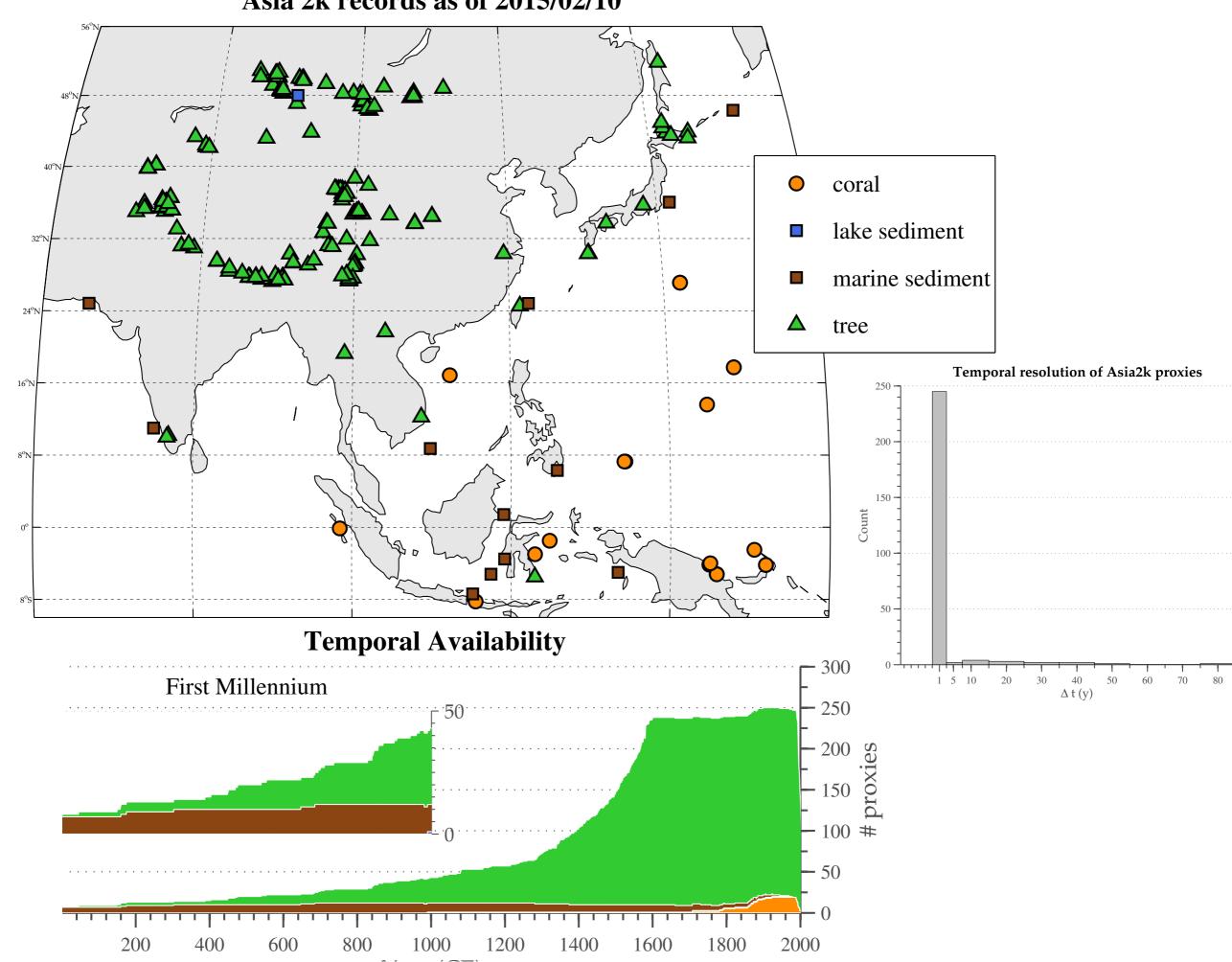
- Similar types + Smaller amplitudes of variation
- Spatial coherence with other regions during several periods

Part 2: Asia 2k CFR

DATA & METHOD

- * Target: CRU TS 3.22 (Harris et al., Int. J. Climatol, 2013)
 - \bigstar 0.5° x 0.5° regridded to 2° x 2°
 - ★ 1901 2009 (769 grid cells)
 - ★ caveat: land only
- * Proxy: PAGES 2k synthesis (PAGES 2k consortium, Nature Geo., 2013; Eos-transactions AGU, 2014)
 - ★ Only records in Asia (260)
 - ★ Mostly tree rings, some corals and sediment cores

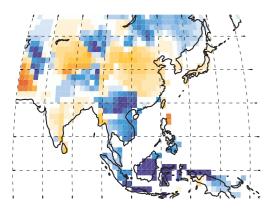
Asia 2k records as of 2015/02/10



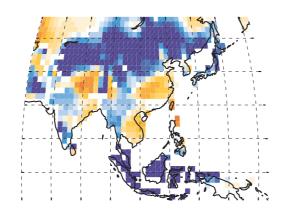
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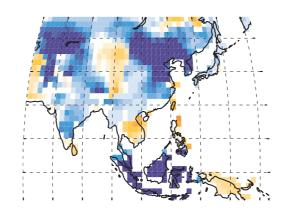
1901-1911 validation

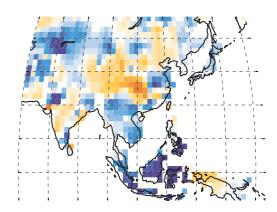


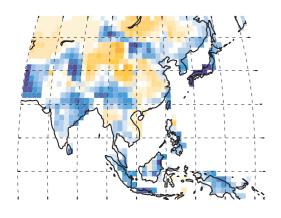
1912-1922 validation



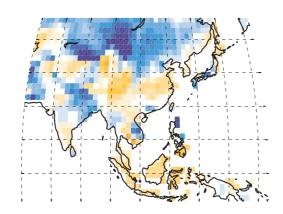
1923-1933 validation **1934-1944** validation



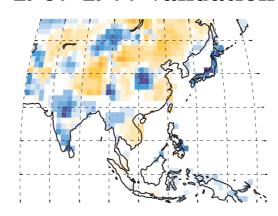


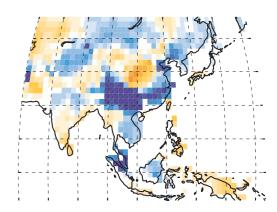


1945-1955 validation **1956-1966** validation

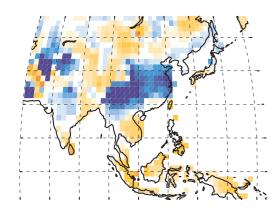


1967-1977 validation **1978-1988** validation

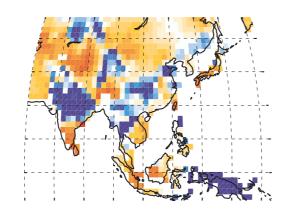




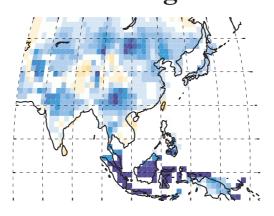
1989-1999 validation

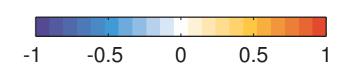


2000-2009 validation

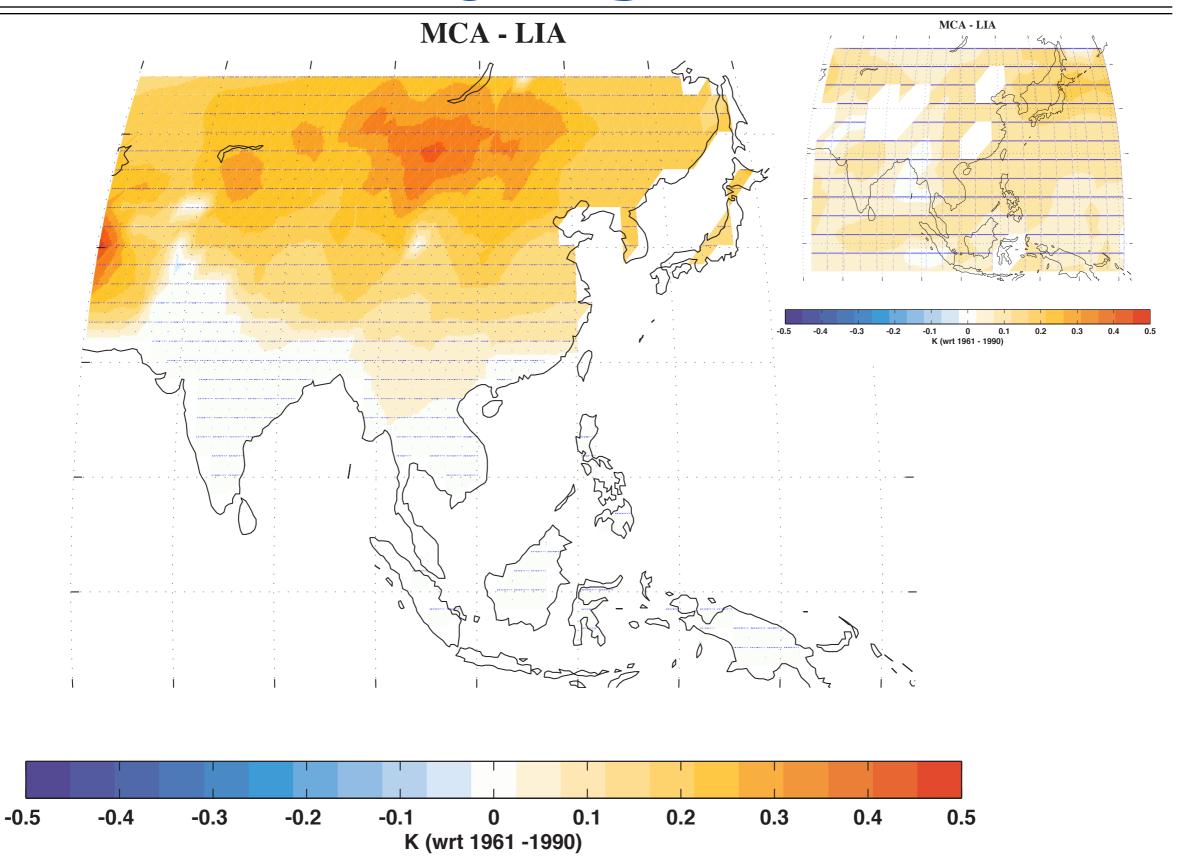


Average





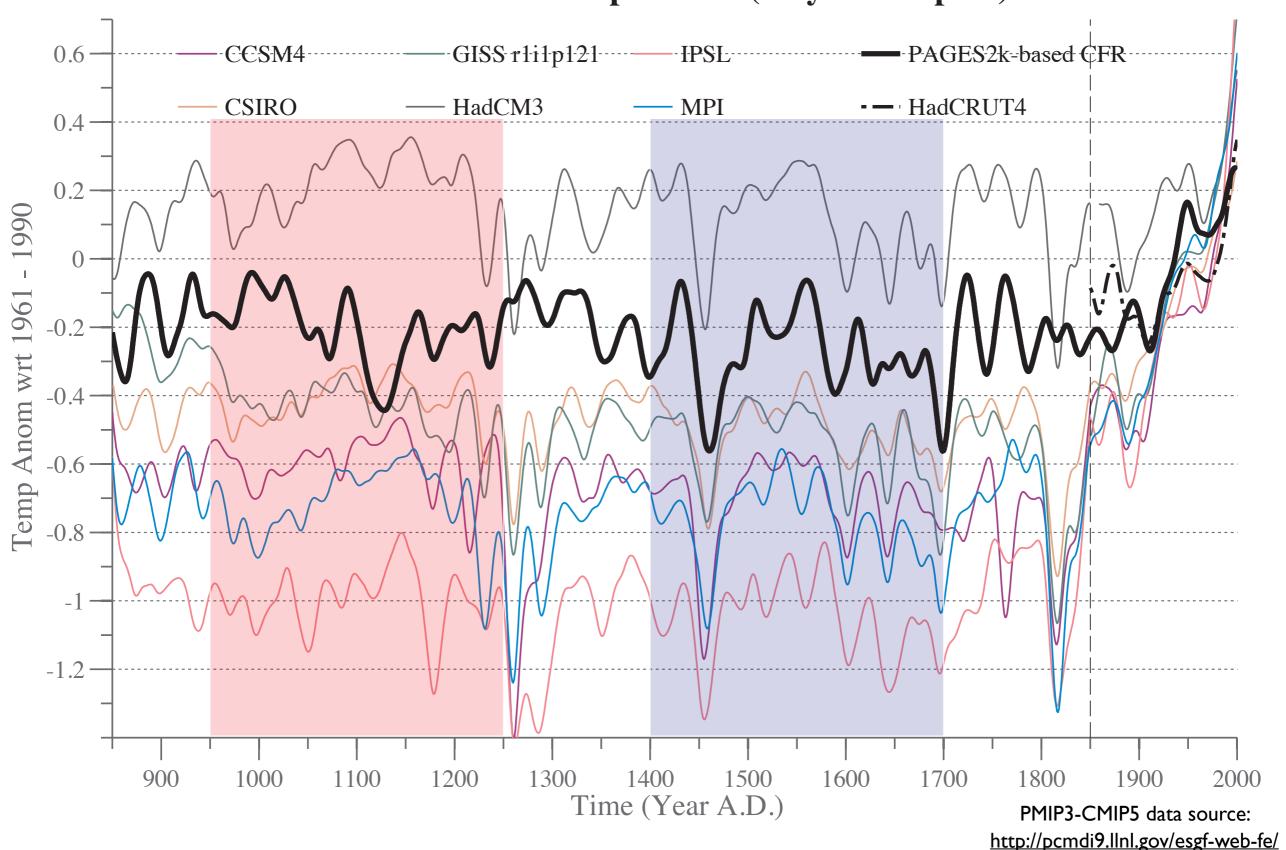
SPATIAL FEATURES



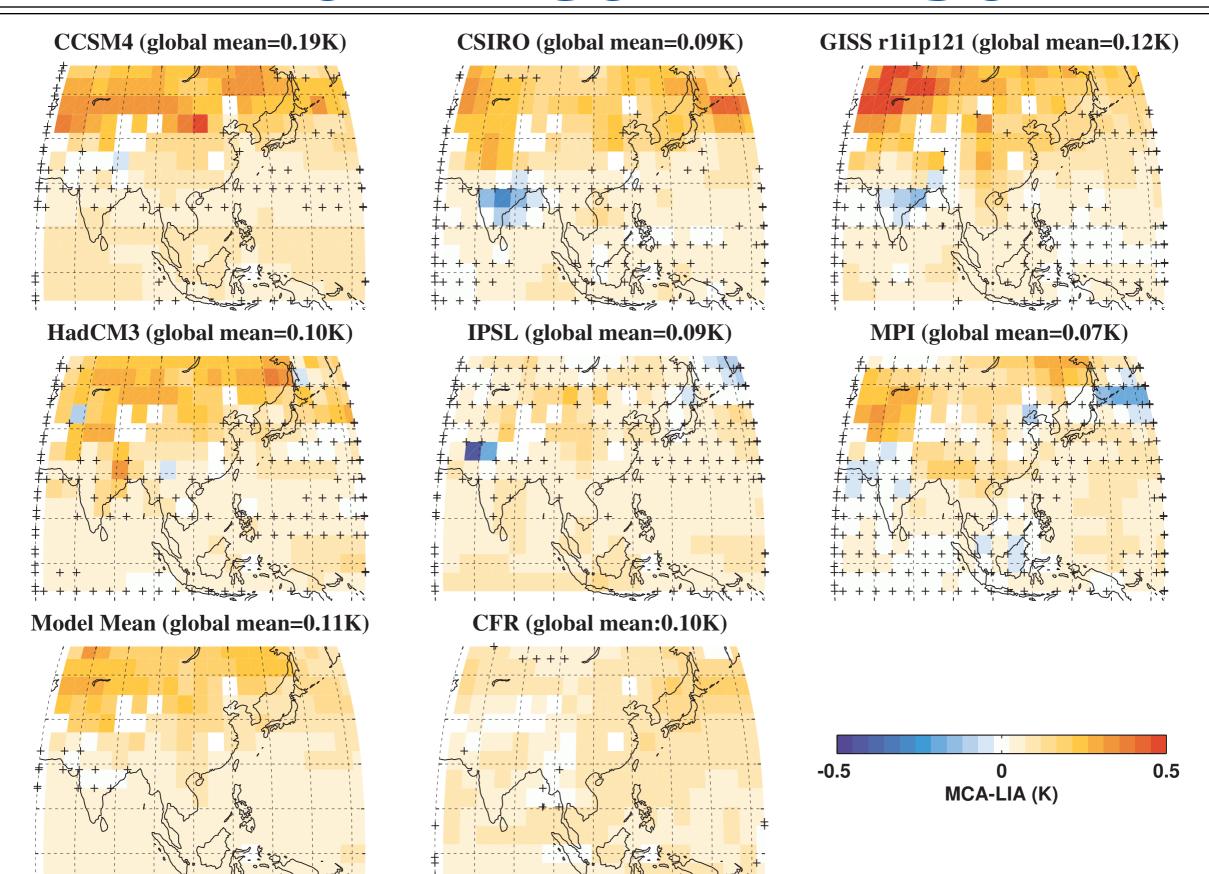
Part 3: Data-model comparison

DATA-MODEL COMPARISON

Asia Summer temperature (30-year lowpass)



DATA-MODEL COMPARISON



Wrapping up

CONCLUSIONS

- * Is there a need for regional CFRs
 - ★ Yes, but global CFRs allow for direct comparisons among regions
- * Asia 2k CFR
 - ★ Distinctly different LIA, less skillful than the global CFR
- Data-model Comparison
 - ★ General agreement of spatial patterns

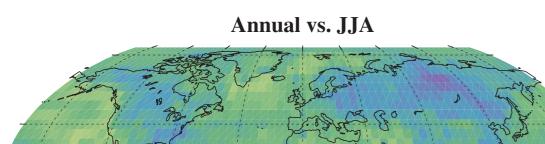
DISCUSSION

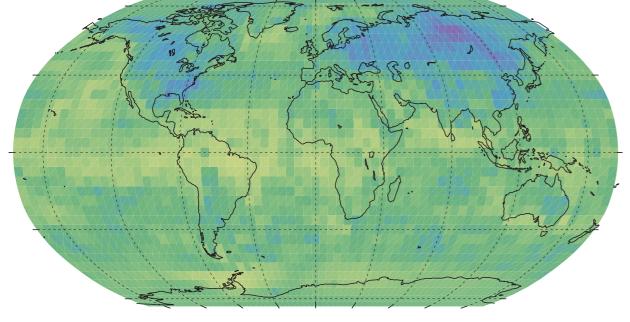
* Seasonality

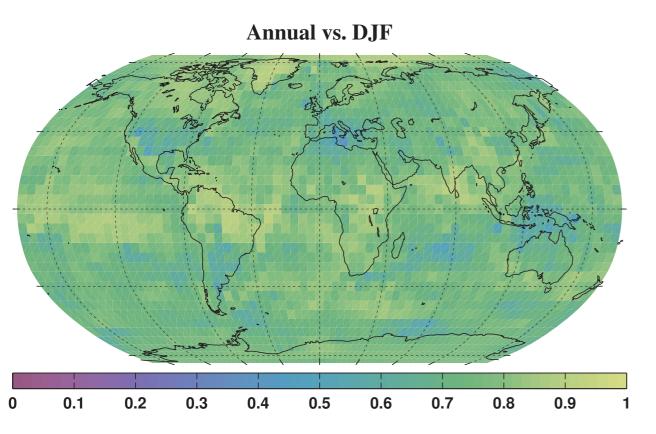
- ★ Trees record growing season temperature
- ★ High-lat: T is limiting, so summer temp proxy: not suited for MAT or blending two hemispheres together (global CFR)

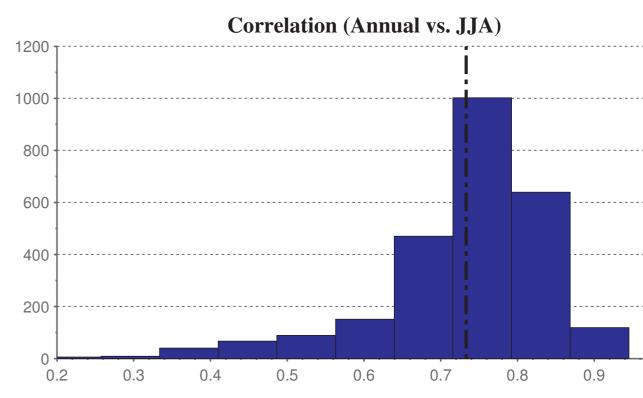
DISCUSSION

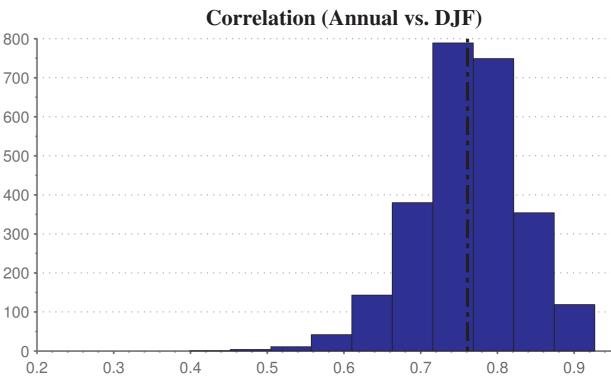
* Seasonality











DISCUSSION

Seasonality

- ★ Trees record growing season temperature
- ★ High-lat: T is limiting, so summer temp proxy: not suited for MAT or blending two hemispheres together (global CFR)
- Proxy quality control/screening
 - ★ Base on statistics? physical knowledge?
 - ★ How should we blend high-resolution, cross-dated records with low-resolution, time-uncertain records?
- Period of interest to reconstruct
- * The missing oceanic component



Comments & questions: jianghaw@usc.edu

SCREENING

For each proxy

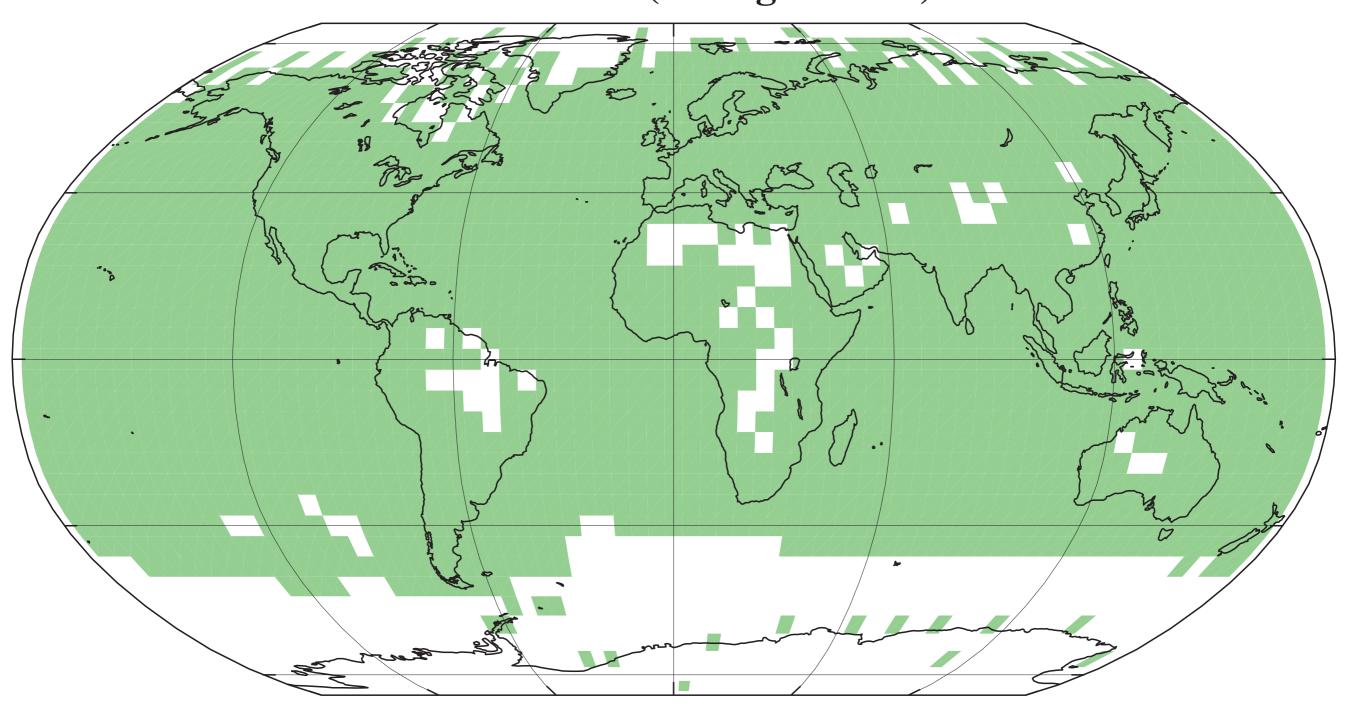
- ★ Calculate correlations w/ 10 closest HadCRUT4 temperature neighbors
- ★ Statistical significance established via:
 - ► A non-parametric significance test (Ebisuzaki, *JClim.*, 1997)
 - ► Considering the effect of multiple hypotheses tests (Ventura et al., *JClim.*, 2004)

* Caveats:

- ★ Proxies must have instrumental overlap w/ temperature
- ★ Purely statistical-based screening, no physical interpretation

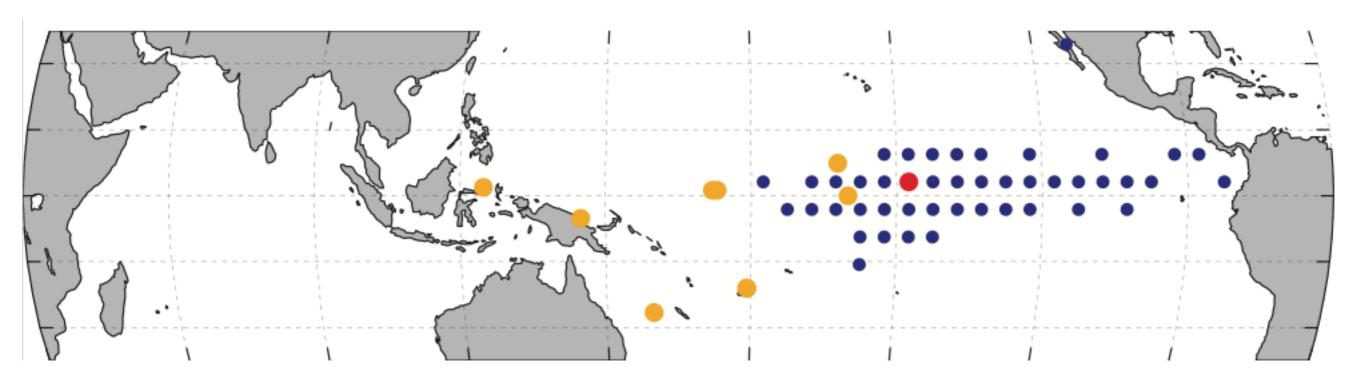
HADCRUT4

HadCRUT4 (1758 grid cells)

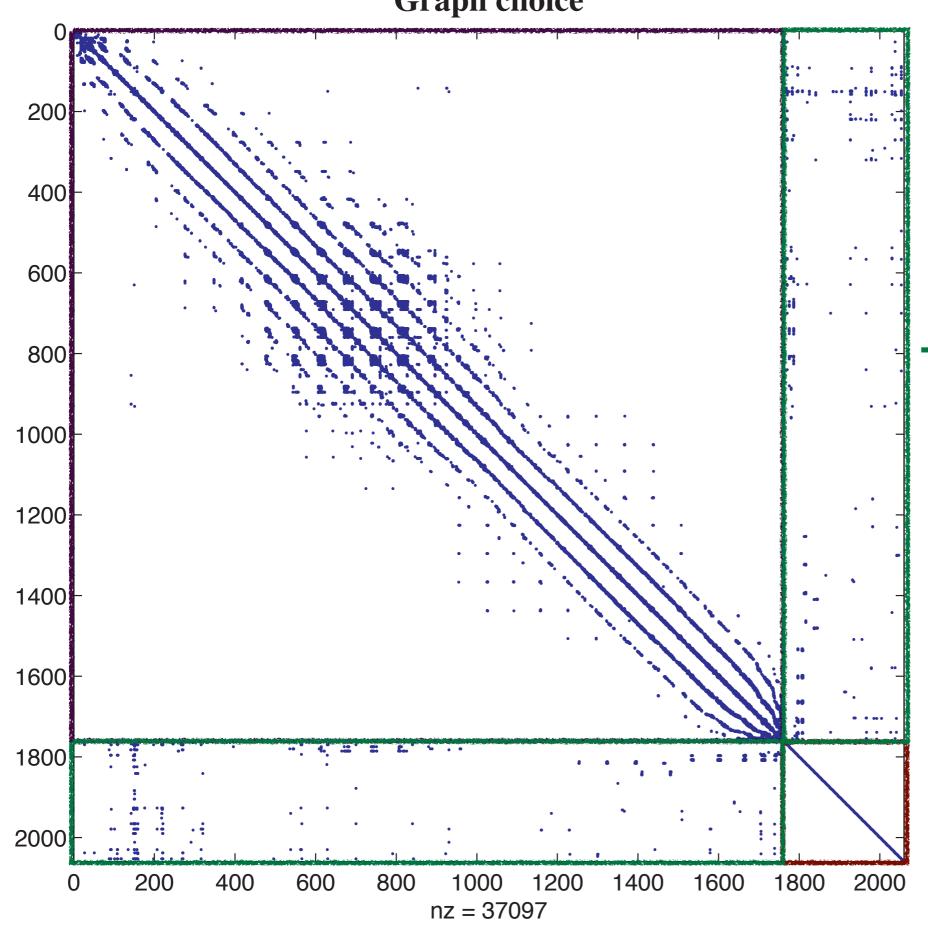


CFR METHOD

- * Fundamental challenge:
 - ★ n << p, ill-conditioned covariance matrix
- * GraphEM (Guillot et al., AoAS, in press)
 - ★ Gaussian Graphical Models (GGMs)
 - ★ Models conditional independence in the climate field



Graph choice



Temperature (T) TT: correlation graph with loose penalty (long-range dependencies)

Temperature-Proxy (TP) **TP:** correlation graph with high penalty (local correlation)

> Proxy (P) **PP: diagonal**

(conditional independence)